### @CityPembroke





The City of Pembroke



@cityofpembroke







### James F. Munro Block

condition. Note the decorative, 1909, it still remains in excellent (39 Pembroke Street West) Built in

smooth pink marble that borders the entrance.





### (177 Victoria Street) This is a solid Armouries **The Pembroke**

Armouries is still used for Militia and Civic in 1914, it was used during WWI and WWII; the Regimental Headquarters for 1 Air Defense huge drill hall on the main floor. It is the Officers' Quarters and Mess Rooms as well as a brick building -185' by 85' on a

functions, and is the home of a military museum. Regiment R.C.A. (Lanark & Renfrew Scottish). Built concrete foundation with hardwood floors in the

husband, Fred.

County, ON at Pembroke.

Barbara Blackstein with the assistance of her

canoe is the gnomen. One of the most unique

sundials in Canada, it was designed by local artist

serve as the hour indicators, and the star tip of the

a wrought iron sculpture of a canoeist

Sundial was installed in 2007 featuring

(Waterfront Park) The Portage

The Portage Sundial

in 1958, connect Pontiac County, QC and Renfrew Island, Morrison Island and Allumette Island built Mountains beyond. Three bridges over Cotnam's miles long and 7 miles wide with the Laurentian Quebec is across from Pembroke. It is about 25 by pleasure crafts and fishermen. Allumette Island,

to the early 1980s. Today, the Ottawa River is used

booms were a common sight from the mid 1850s

The Ottawa River

Ontario and Quebec. Samuel de

interprovincial boundary between

One mile wide in Pembroke, it is the

Champlain traveled this river in the 1600s. Log

making a portage over logs and granite. The logs

It was designed by Civitan Club member Mel \$100,000 to create the fountain in Coronation Park. 1967, the Civitan Club generously provided commemorate the coronation of King George VI. In Muskrat River across from City Hall, to

Pembroke Armouries, and beside the

Established in 1937, behind the

**Coronation Park** 

was widened and reinforced in the 1940s, and

lower than others but he apparently cleared

\$5,000.00, a considerable profit then. The bridge

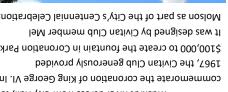
James W. Munro. His tender was

The original wooden bridge was

replaced by a stone bridge in 1887 by

Pembroke Street Bridge

ELOS ni niege





booms on the Ottawa River en route to Montreal dam on the south side of the bridge; these joined Boats guided the logs through the centre of the 1980s. At one time, Cockburn Pointer

River from the early 1800s to mid

Timber was floated down the Muskrat

and Quebec, and the sawmills.

Muskrat River

now houses the municipal office for the City of

of Parliament and the original centre block. In

1958 the building was completely renovated and

architect was Thomas Fuller, designer of the library

W. Munro, a prominent contractor;

Post Office was constructed by John

(1 Pembroke Street East) This former

**Step Back In Time** 

Pembroke City Hall

**Walking Tour** 

Renfrew Street, Pembroke ON



Molson as part of the City's Centennial Celebrations.









### Cockburn Pointer Boat Monument

(Waterfront Park) Constructed in 1993 as a joint project of the Ottawa

Valley Historical Society and the City of Pembroke, it pays tribute to the historical significance of the Cockburn Pointer Boat to Canadians. It is located on the original property of John Cockburn's boat building business. The dedication ceremony took place on September 22, 1993 with the Duke of York, Prince Andrew, attending.



### Murray L. Moore Hydro Museum

(283 Pembroke Street West) This complex was built (1928-

30) over the original substation which was constructed in 1903. In 1929 the new building was opened, housing Canada's largest stationary diesel. Today, it is the focal point of the Hydro Museum and open to the public during office hours. Contents in the Museum date back to 1884 when Pembroke boasts of having the first commercial street light and one of Canada's first electricity generating stations. Come out for a visit and check this historic site for yourself!



### Churches of Pembroke

- St. Columbkille's Cathedral (188 Renfrew St.)

- Holy Trinity Anglican Church (68 Renfrew St.)
- Calvin United Church (276 Church St.)



# Pembroke Public Library

(237 Victoria Street) Built in 1914 by the Kehoe Bros.,

Architect Francis C. Sullivan who studied under renowned Frank Lloyd Wright. The original cost was \$18,500 with a Carnegie Grant of \$14,900.



## Alexander Moffat House

(247 Victoria Street) This white structure was built by one of Pembroke's first pioneers. Alexander

Moffat. Moffat was Pembroke's first postmaster and an extensive mill owner. From 1929 to 1947, it was the home of Col. Mackie, a former Canadian Ambassador to Russia.



Victoria Hall

(42 Renfrew Street) Built in 1884, this was the original town hall. It has also been used as a Police Station and Fire Hall. It was the first municipal building in Canada with electric lighting. The current Fire Hall is located at the rear of the building. The main building is operated as a Senior Citizens' Drop In Centre.



Harry Irwin House

(49 Renfrew Street) Built in 1891, this house has unusual decorative brick around the

windows. Mr. Irwin had a jewellery store downtown, and he was the official watch repairman for the Canadian Pacific Railway.



Thomas Pink Home

> (36 Isabella Street) Built in 1883 by Thomas Pink,

founder of Thomas Pink Co. Ltd. The company manufactured tools for the lumber industry, farmers and blacksmiths for the Canadian and European markets.



### Mary Street Bridge

Originally a foot bridge, it
was reconstructed in 1887

at a cost of \$4,530.97. A view of Pansy Patch Park, an island in the Muskrat river, can be seen from here.



### **Grey Gables**

(353 Mackay Street) This magnificent structure was the home of the Hon. E.A.

Dunlop, lumber baron and former Treasurer of Ontario . It is adjacent to Dunlop Park which he maintained for many years. It now operates as a bed and breakfast inn.



Arunah Dunlop Residence

> (329 Mackay Street) Built by Arunah Dunlop, father of

Hon. E.A. Dunlop in 1880. Note the use of many verandahs and the tiered effect, like a wedding cake. It is now an apartment block.



Lockhart Residence

162 Esther Street at Mackay Street) J.W. Munro built this

is 1897 as a wedding gift for his daughter Isabella, who married James Lockhart – Justice of the Peace. Note the turret design.



Cenotaph Memorial Park

(Corner of Mackay Street and Pembroke Street East)

A memorial to all who died in WWI, WWII and the Korean Conflict. Annual services conducted by the Royal Canadian Legion branch 72 are held on November 11th.



The Old Rowan Stone House

(156 Mackay Street) Built by Joseph Rowan about 1850 in

order to lodge his men who worked in the sawmill across from (the now) City Hall. Three storeys, it has thick stone walls, originally 14 rooms, 2 large living rooms and a kitchen with a fireplace; the house was heated by box stoves.



#### **City Hall**

1 Pembroke Street East

(613) 735-6821

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### Parks & Recreation Department

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### Murray L. Moore Hydro Museum

283 Pembroke Street West (613) 732-3687

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